

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### DOW BENELUX B.V.

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) No 2015/830

Product name: DOWSIL™ Firestop 800 Self Levelling Revision Date: 29.08.2018

Silicone Grey

Version: 1.0
Date of last issue: Print Date: 30.08.2018

DOW BENELUX B.V. encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: DOWSIL™ Firestop 800 Self Levelling Silicone Grev

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Construction materials and additives

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW BENELUX B.V. HERBERT H.DOWWEG 5 HOEK 4542 NM TERNEUZEN NETHERLANDS

Customer Information Number: (31) 115 67 2626

SDSQuestion@dow.com

#### 1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

**24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 31-(0)115 694982 **Local Emergency Contact:** 00 32 3575 0330

In case of emergency, contact Belgium Poison Center: 070/245.245

#### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Eve irritation - Category 2 - H319

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

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#### Hazard pictograms



## Signal word: WARNING

#### **Hazard statements**

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection.

P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

+ P338 if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This product contains octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) that has been identified by the Member State Committee of ECHA as fulfilling the PBT and vPvB criteria laid down in Annex XIII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. See Section 12 for additional information.

This product contains dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (D6) that has been identified by the Member State Committee of ECHA as fulfilling the vPvB criteria laid down in Annex XIII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. See Section 12 for additional information.

This product contains decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) that has been identified by the Member State Committee of ECHA as fulfilling the vPvB criteria laid down in Annex XIII to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. See Section 12 for additional information.

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical nature: Silicone elastomer

3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 87855-59-2 EC-No. 643-078-7 Index-No.	01-2119942059-35	>= 1,8 - <= 2,4 %	Methylvinyl bis(N- ethylacetamido)sila ne	Acute Tox 4 - H302 Eye Dam 1 - H318 Repr 2 - H361f Aquatic Chronic - 3 - H412

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CASRN 68952-53-4 EC-No. Polymer Index-No.	Т	>= 1,2 - <= 1,6 %	Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamin e	Skin Irrit 2 - H315 Skin Irrit 2 - H315 Eye Irrit 2 - H319 Eye Irrit 2 - H319
CASRN 625-50-3 EC-No. 210-896-7 Index-No.	-	>= 0,24 - <= 0,32 %	N-ethylacetamide	Repr 2 - H361d
CASRN 556-67-2 EC-No. 209-136-7 Index-No. 014-018-00-1		>= 0,22 - <= 0,3 %	octamethylcyclotetr asiloxane	Flam. Liq 3 - H226 Repr 2 - H361f Aquatic Chronic - 4 - H413
CASRN Not available EC-No. Not available Index-No.	-	>= 0,12 - <= 0,16 %	Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)sila ne	Acute Tox 4 - H302 Eye Dam 1 - H318 Repr 2 - H361f
PBT and vPvB	substance	<u></u>	<u></u>	
CASRN 540-97-6 EC-No. 208-762-8 Index-No.	_	>= 0,42 - <= 0,56 %	Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane	Not classified
CASRN 541-02-6 EC-No. 208-764-9 Index-No.	-	>= 0,15 - <= 0,21 %	Decamethylcyclope ntasiloxane	Not classified

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

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**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air: if effects occur, consult a physician.

**Skin contact:** Wash off with plenty of water.

**Eye contact:** Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician:** No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon oxides Silicon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Formaldehyde

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

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## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

- **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Soak up with inert absorbent material. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- **7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s): See the technical data sheet on this product for further information.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxa	US WEEL	TWA	10 ppm
ne			

Although some of the components of this product may have exposure guidelines, no exposure would be expected under normal handling conditions due to the physical state of the material.

## **Derived No Effect Level**

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

## Workers

Acute syste	emic effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	73 mg/m3	n.a.	73 mg/m3	n.a.	73 mg/m3	n.a.	73 mg/m3

#### Consumers

Acute	Acute systemic effects		Long-te	rm systemi	Long-term local effects				
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	13	3,7	n.a.	13	n.a.	13	3,7	n.a.	13
	mg/m3	mg/kg bw/dav		mg/m3		mg/m3	mg/kg bw/day		mg/m3

## Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

## Workers

Acute syste	emic effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	6,1 mg/m3	n.a.	11 mg/m3	n.a.	1,22 mg/m3

#### **Consumers**

Acute	systemic e	effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	1,7 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	1,5 mg/m3	n.a.	2,7 mg/m3	1,7 mg/kg bw/day	n.a.	0,3 mg/m3

## Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

## Workers

TTO INCIS							
Acute systemic effects		cal effects		n systemic ects	Long-term local effects		
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	97,3	n.a.	24,2	n.a.	97,3	n.a.	24,2 mg/m3
	mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3		

## **Consumers**

Acute	systemic e	effects	Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	17,3	5 mg/kg	n.a.	4,3	n.a.	17,3	5 mg/kg	n.a.	4,3
	mg/m3	bw/day		mg/m3		mg/m3	bw/day		mg/m3

## **Predicted No Effect Concentration**

octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Compartment	PNEC

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Fresh water	0,00044 mg/l
Marine water	0,000044 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	0,64 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,064 mg/kg
Soil	0,13 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	> 10 mg/l

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water sediment	2,826 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0,282 mg/kg
Soil	3,336 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant	> 1,0 mg/l

## Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Compartment	PNEC	
Fresh water	> 0,0012 mg/l	
Marine water	> 0,00012 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	2,4 mg/kg	
Marine sediment	0,24 mg/kg	
Soil	1,1 mg/kg	
Sewage treatment plant	> 10 mg/l	

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or quidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Eye/face protection: Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

#### Skin protection

Hand protection: Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Natural rubber ("latex"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. Glove thickness alone is not a good indicator of the level of protection a glove provides against a chemical substance as this level of protection is also highly dependent on the specific composition of the material that the glove is fabricated from. The thickness of the glove must, depending on model and type of material, generally be more than 0.35 mm to offer sufficient protection for prolonged and frequent contact with the substance. As an exception to this general rule it is known that multilayer laminate gloves may offer prolonged protection at thicknesses less than 0.35 mm. Other glove materials

> with a thickness of less than 0.35 mm may offer sufficient protection when only brief contact is expected. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or quidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2 (meeting standard EN 14387).

## **Environmental exposure controls**

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state liquid Color Charcoal Odor Fishy

**Odor Threshold** No data available No data available Melting point/range No data available Freezing point No data available

**Boiling point (760 mmHg)** > 35 °C

Flash point Pensky-Martens closed cup 100 °C

**Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate** 

= 1)

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable Lower explosion limit No data available **Upper explosion limit** No data available **Vapor Pressure** No data available Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) No data available

**Relative Density (water = 1)** 1,3

Water solubility No data available Partition coefficient: n-No data available

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** No data available

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**Decomposition temperature** No data available **Kinematic Viscosity** 300000 mm2/s at 25 °C

**Explosive properties** Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight No data available Particle size Not applicable

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**10.1 Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None known.

10.5 Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Formaldehyde.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

#### Acute oral toxicity

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LD50, Rat, > 2 000 mg/kg Estimated.

#### **Acute dermal toxicity**

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s): LD50, Rabbit, > 2 000 mg/kg Estimated.

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## Acute inhalation toxicity

At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility. Mist may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract (nose and throat). As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

## Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation.

May cause moderate corneal injury.

#### Sensitization

Based on information for component(s):

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in humans.

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

#### For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

## Carcinogenicity

Contains a component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency

#### Teratogenicity

Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in lab animals.

## Reproductive toxicity

Contains component(s) which have been shown to interfere with reproduction in animal studies. Contains component(s) which have interfered with fertility in animal studies.

## Mutagenicity

Contains a component(s) which were negative in in vitro genetic toxicity studies. Contains component(s) which were negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

#### COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined.

## Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

## Acute inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined.

#### N-ethylacetamide

## Acute inhalation toxicity

Based on data from similar materials LC0, Rat, 8 Hour, vapour, 2,19 mg/l

## octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

## Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 36 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

## Acute inhalation toxicity

The LC50 has not been determined.

#### Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

## Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 8,67 mg/l

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

#### 12.1 Toxicity

## Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

## Acute toxicity to fish

LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, 50 mg/l

## Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 69 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, 100 mg/l

## Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

## Acute toxicity to fish

No relevant data found.

## N-ethylacetamide

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Based on data from similar materials

LC50, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe), 96 Hour, 3 390 mg/l, DIN 38412

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

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#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 580 mg/l, DIN 38412

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Based on data from similar materials

EC50, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), 96 Hour, > 500 mg/l

#### Toxicity to bacteria

Based on data from similar materials

EC10, Pseudomonas putida, 17 Hour, > 10 000 mg/l, DIN 38 412 Part 8

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through, 96 Hour, > 0,022 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow), flow-through, 14 d, > 0,0063 mg/l

## Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp), flow-through test, 96 Hour, > 0.0091 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), flow-through test, 48 Hour, > 0,015 mg/l

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth rate, > 0,022 mg/l

#### Chronic toxicity to fish

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 93 d, >= 0.0044 mg/l

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, >= 0,0079 mg/l

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

## Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, > 0,002 mg/l

## Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 0,0046 mg/l

#### **Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane**

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 16 μg/l, OECD Test Guideline 204 or Equivalent

## Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Daphnia magna, 48 Hour, > 2,9 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

## Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate, > 0,012 mg/l No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 96 Hour, Growth rate, 0,012 mg/l

## Chronic toxicity to fish

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 14 d, > 16 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 45 d, >= 0,017 mg/l

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 90 d, >= 0,014 mg/l

#### Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna, 21 d, 0,015 mg/l

#### Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

This product does not have any known adverse effect on the soil organisms tested.

NOEC, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), >= 76 mg/kg

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

Biodegradation: 62,66 %

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

#### Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

Biodegradability: Based on data from similar materials

The product is not biodegradable.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Biodegradability: Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in

OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

Based on data from similar materials

**Biodegradation:** 100 % Exposure time: 6 d

## octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

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Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails

to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 3,7 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

#### Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, DT50, 69,3 - 144 Hour, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 24,6 °C, OECD Test Guideline 111

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** 57 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

## Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails

to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Not applicable **Biodegradation:** 0.14 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 310

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

## Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

## Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

#### N-ethylacetamide

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 6,49 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 12 400 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 8,87

## Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

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Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 5,2 Measured Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 2 010 Fish Estimated.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

## Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

No relevant data found.

## Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

No relevant data found.

#### N-ethylacetamide

No relevant data found.

## octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

## **Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane**

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

#### Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000). Partition coefficient (Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

#### Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for PBT and vPvB. In Canada, D4 has been assessed and deemed to meet the PiT criteria. However, D4 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

## Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

## **Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane**

Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane (D6) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for vPvB. However, D6 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D6 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D6 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D6 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

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## **Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane**

Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (D5) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for vPvB. However, D5 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D5 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D5 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D5 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms. Based on an independent scientific panel of experts, the Canadian Minister of the Environment has concluded that "D5 is not entering the environment in a quantity or concentration or under conditions that have or may have an immediate or long-term harmful effect on the environment or its biological diversity, or that constitute or may constitute a danger to the environment on which life depends".

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

## Methylvinyl bis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## Dimethyl, methylhydrogen siloxane, dehydrogenated, reaction with hydroxydiethylamine

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Impurities in methylvinylbis(N-ethylacetamido)silane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

#### Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. This product, when being disposed of in its unused and uncontaminated state should be treated as a hazardous waste according to EC Directive 2008/98/EC. Any disposal practices must be in compliance with all national and provincial laws and any municipal or local by-laws governing hazardous waste. For used, contaminated and residual materials additional evaluations may be required.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

Product name: DOWSIL™ Firestop 800 Self Levelling Silicone Revision Date: 29.08.2018
Grey Version: 1.0

**14.1 UN number** Not applicable

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** Not regulated for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable14.4 Packing group Not applicable

**14.5 Environmental hazards** Not considered environmentally hazardous based on

available data.

**14.6** Special precautions for user No data available.

## Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

**14.1 UN number** Not applicable

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** Not regulated for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable14.4 Packing group Not applicable

**14.5 Environmental hazards** Not considered as marine pollutant based on available data.

14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code

Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

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## Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

**14.1 UN number** Not applicable

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** Not regulated for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable
 14.4 Packing group Not applicable
 14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable
 14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).. Polymers are exempted from registration under REACH. All relevant starting materials and additives have been either pre-registered, registered, or are exempt from registration to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

## Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use:

The following substance/s contained in this product is/are subject through Annex XVII of REACH regulation to restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use when present in certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles. Users of this product have to comply with the restrictions placed upon it by the aforementioned provision.

CAS-No.: 556-67-2 Name: octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Restriction status: listed in REACH Annex XVII

Restricted uses: See Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) no 1907/2006 for Conditions of restriction

CAS-No.: 541-02-6 Name: Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Restriction status: listed in REACH Annex XVII

Restricted uses: See Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) no 1907/2006 for Conditions of restriction

#### **Authorisation status under REACH:**

The following substance/s contained in this product might be or is/are subject to authorization in accordance with REACH:

CAS-No.: 556-67-2 Name: octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Authorisation status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Authorisation number: Not available

Sunset date: Not available

Exempted (Categories of) Uses: Not available

CAS-No.: 540-97-6 Name: Dodecamethyl cyclohexasiloxane

Authorisation status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Authorisation number: Not available

Sunset date: Not available

Exempted (Categories of) Uses: Not available

CAS-No.: 541-02-6 Name: Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

Authorisation status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Authorisation number: Not available

Sunset date: Not available

Exempted (Categories of) Uses: Not available

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: Not applicable

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Not applicable

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

## Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319 - Calculation method

#### Revision

Identification Number: 4127607 / A281 / Issue Date: 29.08.2018 / Version: 1.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this

Legend

2030.10	
TWA	8-hr TWA
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG -International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No

Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### **Information Source and References**

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW BENELUX B.V. urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version. BE